Supporters canoe for survival

A peace treaty will be signed between the Lenape and the Delaware River Greenway Partnership, a consortium of more than 100 government agencies and nonprofit groups.

BY JOANN LOVIGLIO
The Associated Press

PHILADELPHIA — Hundreds of years ago, Jim Beer’s forefathers canoed down the Delaware River to hunt, fish and trade the fruits of their harvest. Now, he is tracing their path in a 330-mile trek to raise awareness of the Lenape tribe’s historic past and its perilous future.

The American Indian tribe, which once called home the fertile farmlands and woodlands of the East Coast from upstate New York to the tip of Delaware, are losing their sacred sites to neglect, their language and customs to a lack of resources, Beer said. He hopes the trek will mark an important step toward getting local Lenapes and the state to sustain the tribe’s history.

“Every ancient history of Pennsylvania is our people’s history,” said Beer, who lives in northern Bucks County. “So preserving Lenape history is preserving the ancient history of Pennsylvania.”

Beer has been joined by friends, day-tripping canoeists and environmental groups along the trip, which started Aug. 4 at the top of the Delaware River in Hancock, N.Y.

About a half dozen canoes arrived Sunday afternoon at Philadelphia’s Penn Treaty Park, where Pennsylvania’s founder William Penn signed a treaty with Lenape Chief Tantamond that Europeans and Indians would live together in peace as long as “the creeks and rivers run and while the sun, moon, and stars endure.”

After a one-week rest, the group will travel 30 miles back north to Bucks County’s Pennsbury Manor, Penn’s former estate, in Morrisville to sign a “treaty of renewed brotherhood” on Aug. 24.

The treaty will be signed between the Lenape and the Delaware River Greenway Partnership, a consortium of more than 100 government agencies and nonprofit groups. The journey will then head south again and finish with a celebration in Cape May, N.J., on Sept. 1.

“Our goals are consistent with those of preserving and protecting ecology, history, culture,” said partnership president Richard McNutt, who has traveled the entire trek with Beer. “For their culture to keep their culture alive in every way we can.”

The journey and treaty is meant to forge a new relationship between the Lenape and communities along the Delaware River, inspired by the brotherhood between the Lenape and Penn, that organizers hope will bring grassroots and government support for renewing the Lenape’s cultural crisis.

Only a handful of elders fluently speak Lenape, a language of the Algonquin tongue. The tribe also says its fading oral tradition needs to be documented for posterity and many of its sacred sites and burial grounds must be cataloged and preserved.

The tribe also is hoping for donated land for a Pennsylvania cultural center — a home base for preservation efforts and community activities.

Every culture, wherever it is, is important and that’s why we’re out here.”

Jim Beer holds his 1-month-old son Ahloulaw, at Penn Treaty Park along the Delaware River in Philadelphia. This was the first time Beer saw his son since starting a 330-mile trek down the river from upstate New York to Cape May, N.J., to raise awareness of the Lenape tribe’s past and its perilous future.